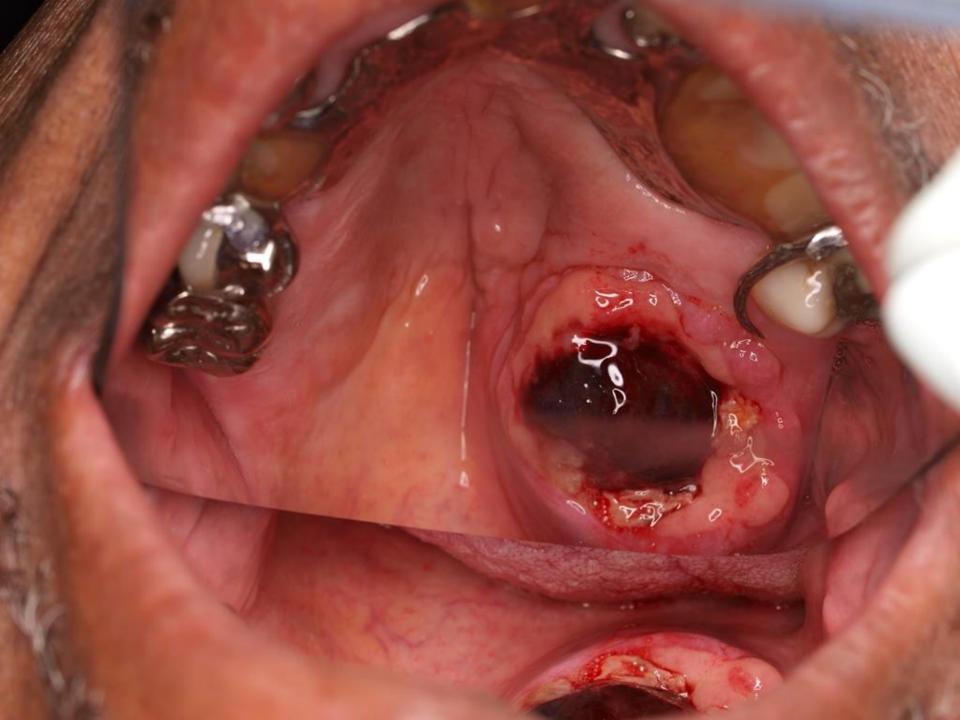
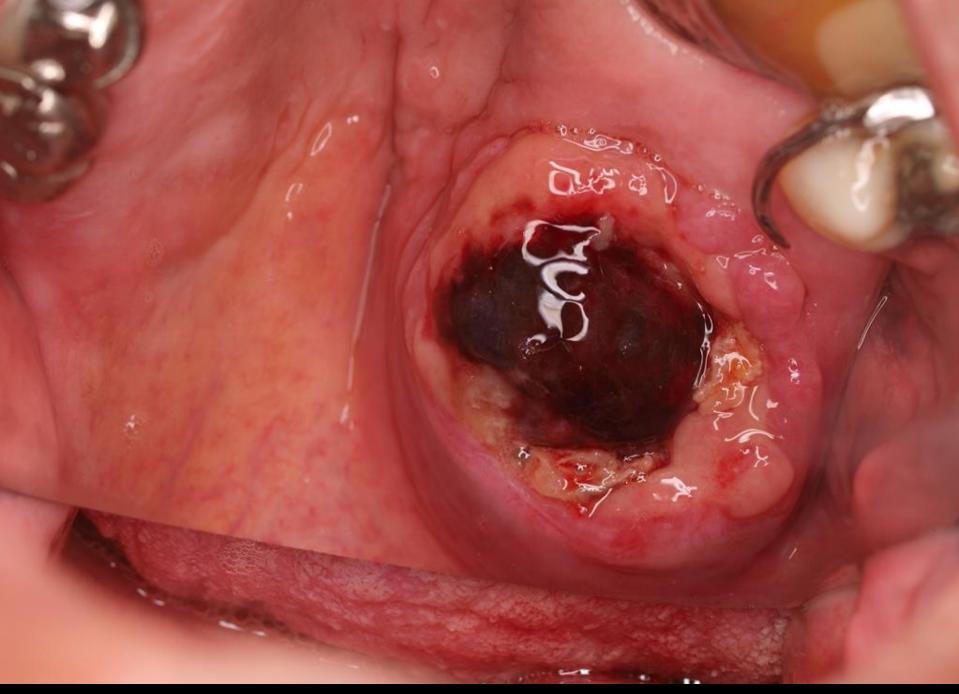


Courtesy: David Grant Medical Center Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery



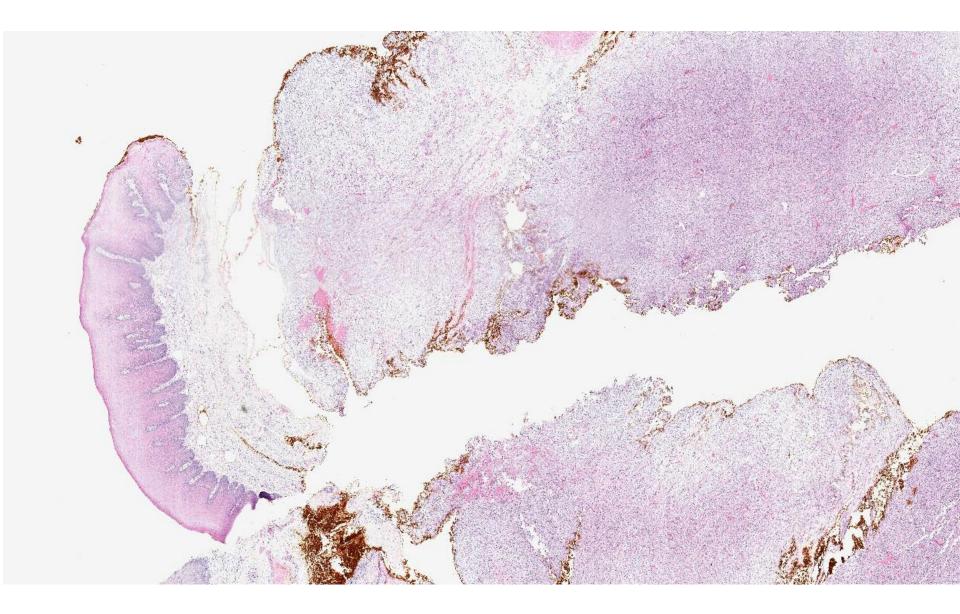
Courtesy: David Grant Medical Center Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery

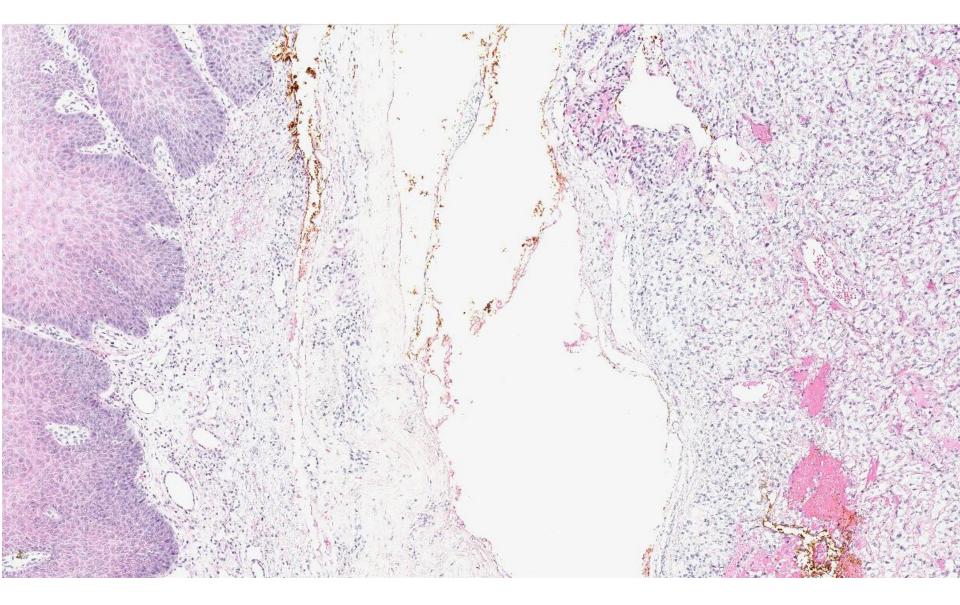


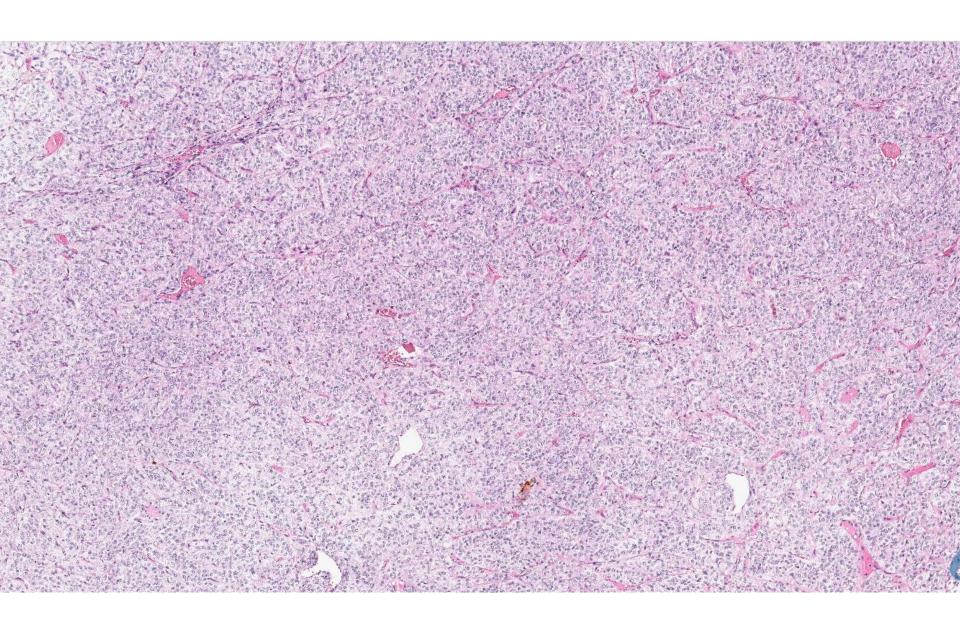


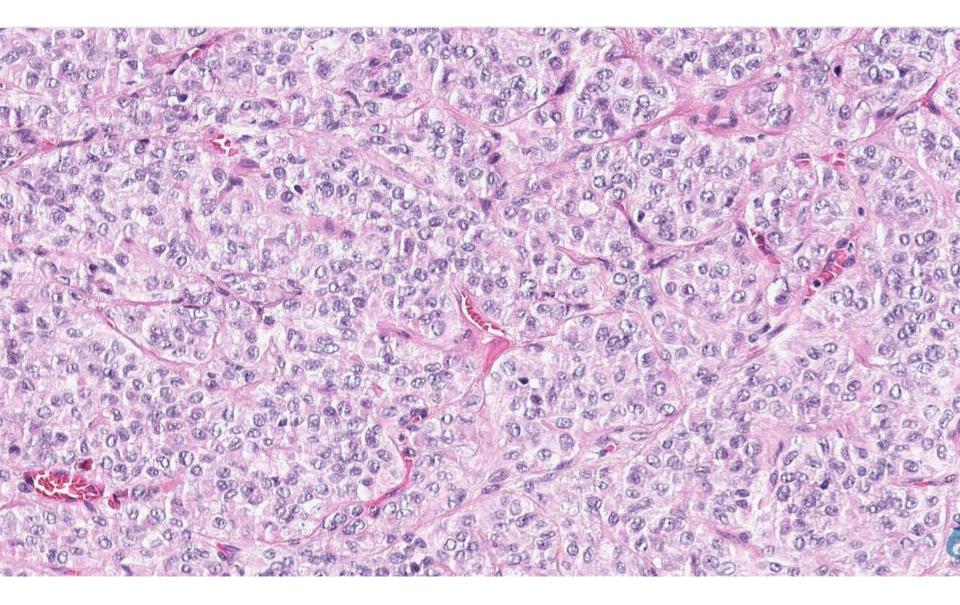
Courtesy: David Grant Medical Center Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery











## **IHC** Summary

Positive CK AE1/AE3 CAM 5.2 EMA CD10 Vimentin Negative CK7, CEA (salivary) Melan-A, HMB-45 (melanoma) HepPar1 (hepatocellular ca) PSA (prostate ca) Melan-A, inhibin (adrenocort ca) CK7, CK20 (pancreatic ca) CK7, TTF-1 (lung ca) CK7, TTF-1, TG (thyroid ca)

## **Preliminary Diagnosis**

This case required outside consultation and multiple immunohistochemical stains to determine the diagnosis.

The histologic features were those of a clear cell neoplasm, most suggestive of either:

- Primary salivary gland neoplasm (myoepithelioma favored)
- Metastatic carcinoma (renal cell carcinoma favored)

# IHC (Consult)

#### **Positive (focal or diffuse)**

S-100\* CAM 5.2 AE1/AE3 CK5/6\*\* CK8 CD10 Vimentin\* **WT-1** DPC4 AR NEGATIVE: SMM,CK14,p63 \* argues against primary clear cell ca
\*\* favors myoepithelial origin

uncertain significance uncertain significance uncertain significance argues against myoepithelial origin



The patient had a remote history of a lung mass (favor adenocarcinoma), chronic renal disease and secondary hyperparathyroidism but no evidence of a renal or adrenal tumor

Favored diagnosis (on consultation):

### myoepithelioma

### **Considered:**

Primary clear cell carcinoma, EMCA, RCC, clear cell adenocarcinoma of lung